

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (currently amended) A concrete forming panel for use in construction of a self-sustaining concrete structure from a concrete mix containing flowable constituents which are capable of migrating from a concrete pour during curing of the mix, said forming panel comprising:
a load-bearing face plate having a front face that faces in a forward direction and is adapted to receive at least apart a part of the concrete pour thereagainst during curing of the mix;
structure projecting in an opposite, rearward direction from said face plate; and
a flexible barrier element mounted on and supported solely by said structure of the same panel in spaced relationship to said front face and adapted capable of and disposed for impeding migration of the constituents out of the pour past the barrier element until the concrete mix has cured,
said face plate having an outer edge margin,
said barrier element being located adjacent to and extending along said outer edge margin.
2. (cancelled)

3. (currently amended) [A forming panel as claimed in claim 2,]

A concrete forming panel for use in construction of a self-sustaining concrete structure from a concrete mix containing flowable constituents which are capable of migrating from a concrete pour during curing of the mix, said forming panel comprising:

a load-bearing face plate having a front face that faces in a forward direction and is adapted to receive at least a part of the concrete pour thereagainst during curing of the mix; structure projecting in an opposite, rearward direction from said face plate; and a flexible barrier element mounted on said structure in spaced relationship to said front face and adapted for impeding migration of the constituents out of the pour past the barrier element until the concrete mix has cured,

said face plate having an outer edge margin,

said structure being located adjacent said outer edge margin and including part of a frame upon which said face plate is mounted,

said face plate having an opening disposed inwardly from said outer edge margin, said structure further including a support that positions said barrier element adjacent said opening.

4. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 3,

further comprising a door swingably mounted on said support for movement between open and closed positions relative to said opening,

said barrier element being disposed to cooperate with said door in sealing said opening when the door is in said closed position yet permit the presence of a tie bar in said opening.

5. (currently amended) [A forming panel as claimed in claim 1,]

A concrete forming panel for use in construction of a self-sustaining concrete structure from a concrete mix containing flowable constituents which are capable of migrating from a concrete pour during curing of the mix, said forming panel comprising:

a load-bearing face plate having a front face that faces in a forward direction and is adapted to receive at least a part of the concrete pour thereagainst during curing of the mix; structure projecting in an opposite, rearward direction from said face plate; and a flexible barrier element mounted on said structure in spaced relationship to said front face and adapted for impeding migration of the constituents out of the pour past the barrier element until the concrete mix has cured,

said face plate having an opening disposed inwardly from an outer edge margin of the face plate,

said structure including a support that positions said barrier element adjacent said opening.

6. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 5,

further comprising a door swingably mounted on said support for movement between open and closed positions relative to said opening,

said barrier element being disposed to cooperate with said door in sealing said opening when the door is in said closed position yet permit the presence of a tie bar in said opening.

7. (currently amended) [A forming panel as claimed in claim 1,]

A concrete forming panel for use in construction of a self-sustaining concrete structure from a concrete mix containing flowable constituents which are capable of migrating from a concrete pour during curing of the mix, said forming panel comprising:

a load-bearing face plate having a front face that faces in a forward direction and is adapted to receive at least a part of the concrete pour thereagainst during curing of the mix; structure projecting in an opposite, rearward direction from said face plate; and a flexible barrier element mounted on said structure in spaced relationship to said front face and adapted for impeding migration of the constituents out of the pour past the barrier element until the concrete mix has cured,

said barrier element comprising a brush strip having bristles.

8. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 7,

said strip projecting generally toward said front face at an acute angle relative thereto.

9. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 7,

said structure having an elongated retaining slot within which the brush strip is received.

10. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 1,

said barrier element projecting generally toward said front face at an acute angle relative thereto.

11. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 1,

said structure having an elongated retaining slot within which the barrier element is received.

12. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 11,
said slot being disposed at an acute angle relative to said front face such that the barrier element projects generally toward the front face at an acute angle relative thereto.
13. (original) A forming panel as claimed in claim 12,
said barrier element comprising a brush strip having bristles.
14. (new) A concrete forming panel assembly for use in construction of a self-sustaining concrete structure from a concrete mix containing flowable constituents which are capable of migrating from a concrete pour during curing of the mix, said panel assembly comprising:
a forming panel; and
a brush strip mounted on said panel in such a position that bristles of the brush strip are disposed for impeding migration of the constituents out of the pour when the panel assembly is in use.
15. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 14,
said forming panel having an outer edge margin,
said brush strip being located adjacent said outer edge margin.
16. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 14,
said forming panel having an opening disposed inwardly from an outer edge margin of the forming panel,
said brush strip being mounted on a support that positions said brush strip adjacent said opening.

17. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 16,
further comprising a door swingably mounted on said support for movement between open
and closed positions relative to said opening,
said brush strip being disposed to cooperate with said door in sealing said opening when the
door is in said closed position yet permit the presence of a tie bar in said opening.
18. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 14,
said forming panel having a front face disposed for engaging the concrete pour during use
of the forming panel assembly,
said strip projecting at an acute angle relative to said front face.
19. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 18,
said forming panel having an elongated retaining slot within which the brush strip is
received.
20. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 14,
said forming panel including a face plate and a frame secured to and projecting rearwardly
from said face plate,
said frame including a frame member at an outer margin of the face plate,
said brush strip being mounted on said frame member at a location spaced rearwardly from
a front surface of the face plate.
21. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 20,
said frame member having an elongated slot that receives said brush strip.

Appl. No. 10/678,378
Amdt. dated 4/1/2005
Reply to Office Action of 11/01/2004

22. (new) A forming panel assembly as claimed in claim 21,
said slot being disposed at an acute angle relative to said front face such that the brush strip
projects generally toward the front face at an acute angle relative thereto.